## Suusamyr Basin, thrust fault NE of Suusamyr

Target: Fault scarp of a E-W striking, S-dipping reverse fault in the Suusamyr Basin in

Kyrgyzstan

Purpose: Identifying paleo-ruptures and measuring slip rates

**Uploader:** 

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**Survey date: 2016-06-16** 

Survey method: Structure-from-Motion from UAV aerial images

UAV: DJI Phantom 2 Flight altitude: 60-80 m

Camera: Canon PowerShot SX230 HS

Positioning: built-in camera GPS, ground control points measured with RTK DGPS

SfM software: AgiSoft Photoscan Professional

**DEM size:** 12,828 x 5082 pixels

**DEM extent:** 726,585 m<sup>2</sup>

**DEM elevation:** 2505 - 2712 m asl **DEM Resolution:** 0.14 m/pixel

**DEM EPSG:** 4326 **DEM filetype:** GeoTIFF

Orthophoto size: 43990 x 36669 pixels

Orthophoto EPSG: 4326 Orthophoto filetype: GeoTIFF

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**Reference:** Grützner, C., Walker, R., Ainscoe, E., Elliott, A., & Abdrakhmatov, K. (2019). Earthquake Environmental Effects of the 1992 MS7. 3 Suusamyr Earthquake, Kyrgyzstan, and Their Implications for Paleo-Earthquake Studies. *Geosciences*, 9(6), 271.





